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Reg. No.:		

Question Paper Code: 80440

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, APRIL/MAY 2024.

Third/Fourth/Fifth Semester

Computer Science and Engineering

CS 8392 - OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING

(Common to: Computer and Communication Engineering/Electrical and Electronics Engineering/Electronics and Communication Engineering/Electronics and Instrumentation Engineering/Electronics and Telecommunication Engineering/Instrumentation and Control Engineering/Artificial Intelligence and Data Science/Computer Science and Business Systems/Information Technology)

(Regulations 2017)

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

PART A — $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

- 1. Mention the significance of bytecode in Java.
- 2. Analyze and trace the output of the following code snippet int total = 25;
 for (int number = 1; number < = (total/2); number++) {</p>
 total = total number;

,

System.out.printIn (total); }

- 3. Differentiate an abstract class and an interface.
- 4. How Final keyword is associated with inheritance? Give example.
- 5. Write a program to create *User Defined Exception* that is thrown when user enters a value greater than 100.
- 6. Mention the role of System.out and System.in in Java programming.
- 7. Differentiate between multithreading and multitasking.

8. Predict the output of the following program.

class Example{

public static void main(String arg[]){

MyGen<Integer> m=new MyGen<Integer>();

m.add(1);

m.add(2);

m.add(3);

m.add(4);

System.out.printIn(m.get());

}}

class MyGen<T>{

T obi;

void add(T obj){this.obj=obj;}

T get(){return obj;}

9. Identify the concept shown Fig. 9 in the following figure and give a short description of the same.

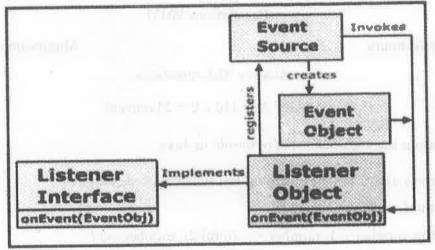


Fig. 9

10. Compare and contrast Swing and AWT.

(iv) Arrays

PART B — $(5 \times 13 = 65 \text{ marks})$

11. (a) Explain in detail about all the features of object oriented programming in java with examples.

Or

(b) Explain the following concepts in java with appropriate examples.

(i)	(i) Constructor and its type	
(ii)	Static member and static method	(3)
(iii)	Package	(3)
		4-5

12. (a) Define a calculator class with required methods and create an object to execute the object of calculator using the given interfaces.

interface Add_Sub {
 public void add(double x, double y);

public void add(double x, double y);
public void subtract(double x, double y);
}

interface Mul_Div{
 public void multiply (double x, double y);
 public void divide (double x, double y);

}
interface Calculator extends Add_Sub, Mul_Div{
 public void printResult(double result);

Or

(b) Write a java program to create an abstract class named Shape that contains two integers and an empty method named printArea(). Provide three classes named Rectangle, Triangle and Circle such that each one of the classes extends the class Shape. Each one of the classes contain only the method printArea() that prints the area of the given shape.

13. (a) Discuss the usage of multiple-catch, nested try and finally block in

handling exceptions with an example.

Or

(b) Discuss various Byte and Character stream classes used for input/output

operations.

14. (a) Sketch life cycle of multithreading with its stages. Develop a multiplication Table of Five using Multithreading (Use Thread class for implementation).

Or

(b) Discuss the importance of generic class and generic method. Define a generic method to exchange the positions of two different elements in an array

15. (a) Design a GUI form using swing components as shown in Fig. 15 (a):

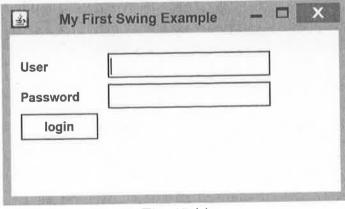


Fig. 15 (a) Or

(b) Develop an interface that receives an integer in one text field and compute its factorial value and returns it in another text filed when the button Compute" is clicked.

16. (a) Define a class Worker and derive classes Daily Worker and Salaried Worker from it. Every worker has a name and a salary rate. Write method ComPay(int hours) to compute the week pay of every worker. A Daily Worker is paid on the basis of number of days s/he work. The Salaried Worker gets paid with the wage for 40 hours a week no matter what actual hours is. Test this program to calculate the pay of workers. Identify the required concepts and implement the same.

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(b) Write a program in Java to calculate the monthly electricity bill of a consumer according to the units consumed. The tariff is given below:

Units Consumed	Charge	
Upto 100 units	Rs.1.25 per unit	
For next 100 units	Rs.1.50 per unit	
More than 200 units	Rs.1.80 per unit	

Unit consumed = Present reading - Previous reading. Use a function named cal(int u) and print the information in the main function as per the given format:

Consumer No.	Name	Units Consumed	Amount
C00034	KALA	70	Rs.87.50